

**Ed Pelletier & Sons Co.  
Aroostook County  
Madawaska, Maine  
A-601-71-G-R/A**

**Departmental  
Findings of Fact and Order  
Air Emission License**

After review of the air emission license application, staff investigation reports, and other documents in the applicant's file in the Bureau of Air Quality, pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A., Section 344 and Section 590, the Department finds the following facts:

**I. REGISTRATION**

**A. Introduction**

Ed Pelletier & Sons Co. (EPS) based in Madawaska, Maine has applied to renew and amend their Air Emission License, permitting the operation of their crushed stone and gravel facility. The amendment is for replacing the existing primary crushing unit with a new crushing unit capable of processing 275 cubic yards per hour.

**B. EPS is authorized to operate the following equipment:**

**Rock Crushers:**

<b>Designation</b>	<b>Powered Source</b>	<b>Process Rate (cubic yards/hour)</b>	<b>Date of Manufacture</b>	<b>Control Device</b>
Primary (#684) *	diesel	275	2007	Spray Nozzles
Secondary (#680)	diesel	250	1995	Spray Nozzles

\* designates new equipment

**Diesel Units:**

<u>Source ID</u>	<u>Max. Capacity</u>	<u>Max. Firing Rate</u>	<u>Power Output</u>
Diesel #1	3.6 MMBtu/hr	25.7 gal/hr	523 hp

**C. Application Classification**

The application for EPS is a renewal of currently licensed equipment along with an amendment to change the primary rock crushing unit. The modification of a minor source is considered a major modification based on whether or not expected emission increases exceed the "Significant Emission Levels" as given in Maine's

Air Regulations. The expected emissions increases from the new diesel units at EPS do not exceed the “Significant Emission Levels”; therefore, this modification is determined to be a minor modification and has been processed as such.

## **II. BEST PRACTICAL TREATMENT**

### **A. Introduction**

In order to receive a license the applicant must control emissions from each unit to a level considered by the Department to represent Best Practical Treatment (BPT), as defined in Definitions Regulation, 06-096 CMR 100 (last amended December 24, 2005). Separate control requirement categories exist for new and existing equipment as well as for those sources located in designated non-attainment areas.

BPT for new sources and modifications requires a demonstration that emissions are receiving Best Available Control Technology (BACT), as defined in 06-096 CMR 100. BACT is a top-down approach to selecting air emission controls considering economic, environmental and energy impacts.

BPT for existing emissions equipment means that method which controls or reduces emissions to the lowest possible level considering:

- the existing state of technology;
- the effectiveness of available alternatives for reducing emissions from the source being considered; and
- the economic feasibility for the type of establishment involved.

### **B. Rock Crushers**

EPS is currently licensed to operate portable primary and secondary crushers designated as #684 and #680. The previously licensed primary crusher is planned to be replaced in the summer of 2007. The new primary crusher is capable of crushing 275 cubic yards per hour (approximately 371 tons/hour) and the secondary crusher is listed at 250 cubic yards per hour (approximately 338 tons/hour). The current license incorrectly states the process rate of the portable crusher unit at 20 tons/hour and not subject to EPA’s New Source Performance Standards (NSPS). Both the primary and secondary crushers were manufactured after August 31, 1983 and have capacities greater than 150 tons/hr for portable plants. Therefore the Primary and Secondary crushers (#685 and #680) are subject to EPA New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Subpart OOO for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants.

As a requirement of NSPS Subpart OOO, it is necessary that an initial performance test be performed on the crushers. This consists of a certified EPA Method 9 observation within 180 days after initial startup of the unit.

The regulated pollutant from the rock crushers is particulate emissions. To meet the requirements of Best Available Control Technology (BACT) and Best Practical Treatment (BPT) for control of particulate matter (PM) emissions from the rock crushers, EPS shall maintain and operate water sprays on the rock crushers as necessary to control visible emissions to no greater than 10% opacity on a 6-minute block average basis.

**C. Diesel Unit**

Diesel #1 is utilized primarily to power the primary and secondary rock crushers.

A summary of the BPT analysis for Diesel #1 is the following:

1. The total fuel use for the generator shall not exceed 20,000 gallons per calendar year of on-road diesel fuel with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 0.05% by weight.
2. Low Sulfur Fuel, 06-096 CMR 106 (last amended July 4, 1999) regulates fuel sulfur content, however in this case a BPT/BACT analysis for SO<sub>2</sub> determined a more stringent limit of 0.05% was appropriate and shall be used.
3. Fuel Burning Equipment Particulate Emission Standard, 06-096 CMR 103 (last amended November 3, 1990) regulates PM emission limits. The PM<sub>10</sub> limits are derived from the PM limits.
4. NO<sub>x</sub>, CO, and VOC emission limits are based upon AP-42 data dated 10/96.
5. Visible emissions from the generators shall each not exceed 20% opacity on a six (6) minute block average, except for no more than two (2) six (6) minute block averages in a continuous 3-hour period.

**D. Stock Piles and Roadways**

Visible emissions from a fugitive emission source shall not exceed an opacity of 20%, except for no more than five (5) minutes in any 1-hour period. Compliance shall be determined by an aggregate of the individual fifteen (15)-second opacity observations which exceed 20% in any one (1) hour.

**E. General Process Emissions**

Visible emissions from a general process (including conveyor belts) shall not exceed an opacity of 10% on a six (6) minute block average basis, except for no more than one (1) six (6) minute block average in a 1-hour period.

F. Facility Emissions and Fuel Use Caps

EPS shall be restricted to the following annual emissions, based on a twelve-month rolling total:

- Total annual facility fuel use for operation of the rock crushers shall not exceed 20,000 gallons of diesel fuel at a sulfur content of 0.05% by weight.

EPS shall be assessed fees based on the following annual emissions:

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Tons/Year</u>
PM	0.2
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.2
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.7
NO <sub>x</sub>	6.2
CO	1.3
VOC	0.5

III. AMBIENT AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS

According to 06-096 CMR 115 of the Maine Air Quality Regulations, the level of air quality analyses required for a minor source shall be determined on a case-by-case basis. Based on the information available in the file, and the similarity to existing sources, Maine Ambient Air Quality Standards (MAAQS) will not be violated by this source.

ORDER

Based on the above Findings and subject to conditions listed below the Department concludes that the emissions from this source:

- will receive Best Practical Treatment,
- will not violate applicable emission standards,
- will not violate applicable ambient air quality standards in conjunction with emissions from other sources.

The Department hereby grants Air Emission License A-601-71-G-R/A, subject to the following conditions:

Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision, or part thereof, of this License shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This License shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.

**STANDARD CONDITIONS**

- (1) Employees and authorized representatives of the Department shall be allowed access to the licensee's premises during business hours, or any time during which any emissions units are in operation, and at such other times as the Department deems necessary for the purpose of performing tests, collecting samples, conducting inspections, or examining and copying records relating to emissions. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (2) The licensee shall acquire a new or amended air emission license prior to commencing construction of a modification, unless specifically provided for in Chapter 115. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (3) Approval to construct shall become invalid if the source has not commenced construction within eighteen (18) months after receipt of such approval or if construction is discontinued for a period of eighteen (18) months or more. The Department may extend this time period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified, but may condition such extension upon a review of either the control technology analysis or the ambient air quality standards analysis, or both. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (4) The licensee shall establish and maintain a continuing program of best management practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter during any period of construction, reconstruction, or operation which may result in fugitive dust, and shall submit a description of the program to the Department upon request. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (5) The licensee shall pay the annual air emission license fee to the Department, calculated pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. § 353. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (6) The license does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (7) The licensee shall maintain and operate all emission units and air pollution systems required by the air emission license in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (8) The licensee shall maintain sufficient records to accurately document compliance with emission standards and license conditions and shall maintain such records for a minimum of six (6) years. The records shall be submitted to the Department upon written request. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (9) The licensee shall comply with all terms and conditions of the air emission license. The filing of an appeal by the licensee, the notification of planned

- changes or anticipated noncompliance by the licensee, or the filing of an application by the licensee for a renewal of a license or amendment shall not stay any condition of the license. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (10) The licensee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that the disruption, cessation, or reduction of licensed operations would have been necessary in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the air emission license. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (11) In accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 CFR Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department, the licensee shall:
- A. perform stack testing to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions:
    - 1. within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of a notification to test from the Department or EPA, if visible emissions, equipment operating parameters, staff inspection, air monitoring or other cause indicate to the Department that equipment may be operating out of compliance with emission standards or license conditions; or
    - 2. pursuant to any other requirement of this license to perform stack testing.
  - B. install or make provisions to install test ports that meet the criteria of 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, and test platforms, if necessary, and other accommodations necessary to allow emission testing; and
  - C. submit a written report to the Department within thirty (30) days from date of test completion.
- [06-096 CMR 115]
- (12) If the results of a stack test performed under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions indicate emissions in excess of the applicable standards, then:
- A. within thirty (30) days following receipt of such test results, the licensee shall re-test the non-complying emission source under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions and in accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 CFR Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department; and
  - B. the days of violation shall be presumed to include the date of stack test and each and every day of operation thereafter until compliance is demonstrated under normal and representative process and operating conditions, except to the extent that the facility can prove to the satisfaction of the Department that there were intervening days during which no violation occurred or that the violation was not continuing in nature; and
  - C. the licensee may, upon the approval of the Department following the successful demonstration of compliance at alternative load conditions, operate under such alternative load conditions on an interim basis prior to a

demonstration of compliance under normal and representative process and operating conditions.  
[06-096 CMR 115]

- (13) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the State Implementation Plan approved by the EPA or Section 114(a) of the CAA, any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a person has violated or is in violation of any statute, regulation, or Part 70 license requirement. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (14) The licensee shall maintain records of malfunctions, failures, downtime, and any other similar change in operation of air pollution control systems or the emissions unit itself that would affect emission and that is not consistent with the terms and conditions of the air emission license. The licensee shall notify the Department within two (2) days or the next state working day, whichever is later, of such occasions where such changes result in an increase of emissions. The licensee shall report all excess emissions in the units of the applicable emission limitation. [06-096 CMR 115]
- (15) Upon written request from the Department, the licensee shall establish and maintain such records, make such reports, install, use and maintain such monitoring equipment, sample such emissions (in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the Department shall prescribe), and provide other information as the Department may reasonably require to determine the licensee's compliance status. [06-096 CMR 115]

## **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS**

### **(16) Rock Crushers**

- A. EPS shall install and maintain spray nozzles for particulate control on the primary and secondary crushers and operate them as necessary to limit visible emissions to no greater than 10% opacity on a six (6) minute block average basis. [06-096 CMR 115 (BPT) and 06-096 CMR 101]
- B. EPS shall maintain a log detailing the maintenance on the water spray nozzles. The maintenance log shall be kept on-site at the rock crushing location. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- C. EPS shall maintain a log detailing and quantifying the hours of operation on a daily basis for the primary and secondary rock crushers. The operation log shall be kept on-site at the rock crushing location. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]

(17) **New Source Performance Standards for rock crushers**

- A. The primary and secondary rock crushers are subject to 40 CFR Part 60 Subparts A and OOO and EPS shall comply with the notification and record keeping requirements of 40 CFR Part 60.676 and Part 60.7, except for Section (a)(2) of 60.7 per Subpart OOO, §60.676(h).
- B. EPS shall have an initial performance test performed on the rock crushing operation (primary and secondary crushers) per the applicable sections of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart OOO, §60.675. This consists of a certified Method 9 observation. The performance test for the new crusher shall be completed within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the unit will be operated, but no later than 180 days after initial startup of the unit. The performance test on the existing crushing unit shall be done at the same time as the new crushing unit. EPS shall submit a test notice to the regional inspector at least 30 days prior to the performance test. Any rescheduled test requires a 7 day notice to the regional inspector.

(18) **Diesel Unit**

- A. Total fuel use for Diesel #1 shall not exceed 20,000 gallons per calendar year of diesel fuel with a maximum sulfur content not to exceed 0.05% by weight. Compliance shall be based on fuel receipts from the supplier showing the quantity of fuel delivered and the percent sulfur of the fuel. Records of annual fuel use shall be kept on an annual basis. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- B. Emissions shall not exceed the following:

Emission Unit	Pollutant	lb/MMBtu	Origin and Authority
Diesel #1	PM	0.12	06-096 CMR 103(2)(B)(1)(a)

- C. Emissions shall not exceed the following [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]:

Emission Unit	PM (lb/hr)	PM <sub>10</sub> (lb/hr)	SO <sub>2</sub> (lb/hr)	NO <sub>x</sub> (lb/hr)	CO (lb/hr)	VOC (lb/hr)
Diesel #1	0.43	0.43	1.80	15.88	3.42	1.26

- D. Visible emissions from Diesel #1 shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six (6) minute block average, except for no more than two (2) six (6) minute block averages in a continuous 3-hour period. [06-096 CMR 101]

(19) **Stockpiles and Roadways**



Visible emissions from a fugitive emission source shall not exceed an opacity of 20%, except for no more than five (5) minutes in any 1-hour period. Compliance shall be determined by an aggregate of the individual fifteen (15)-second opacity observations which exceed 20% in any one (1) hour. [06-096 CMR 101]

(20) **General Process Sources**

Visible emissions from any general process source shall (including conveyor belts) not exceed an opacity of 10% on a six (6) minute block average basis, except for no more than one (1) six (6) minute block average in a 1-hour period. [06-096 CMR 101 and 06-096 CMR 115, BPT]

(21) **Equipment Relocation** [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]

A. EPS shall notify the Bureau of Air Quality, by a written notification at least 48 hours prior to relocation of any equipment carried on this license. Written notice may be sent by mail, facsimile (fax), or e-mail. Notification sent by mail shall be sent to the address below or to a Department Regional Office:

Attn: Relocation Notice  
Maine DEP  
Bureau of Air Quality  
17 State House Station  
Augusta, ME 04333-0017

Equipment relocation notification can also be done on-line with e-notice at [www.maine.gov/dep/air/compliance/forms/relocation](http://www.maine.gov/dep/air/compliance/forms/relocation).

The notification shall include the address of the equipment's new location, an identification of the equipment and the license number pertaining to the relocated equipment.

B. Written notification shall also be made to the municipality where the equipment will be relocated, except in the case of an unorganized territory where notification will be made to the respective county commissioners.

(22) EPS shall keep a copy of this Order on site, and have the operator(s) be familiar with the terms of this Order. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]

(23) EPS shall notify the Department within 48 hours and submit a report to the Department on a quarterly basis if a malfunction or breakdown in any component causes a violation of any emission standard [38 M.R.S.A. §605-C].

- (24) EPS shall pay the annual air emission license fee within 30 days of **July 31<sup>st</sup>** of each year. Pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. §353-A, failure to pay this annual fee in the stated timeframe is sufficient grounds for revocation of the license under 38 M.R.S.A. §341-D, §§ 3.

DONE AND DATED IN AUGUSTA, MAINE THIS            DAY OF            2007.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
DAVID P. LITTELL, COMMISSIONER

PLEASE NOTE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCEDURES

**The term of this Order shall be for five (5) years from the signature above.**

Date of initial receipt of application: May 4, 2007

Date of application acceptance: May 18, 2007

Date filed with the Board of Environmental Protection: \_\_\_\_\_

This Order prepared by Edwin Cousins, Bureau of Air Quality